

ZOOLOGY

(Paper I)

Time Allowed : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 300

QUESTION PAPER SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

(Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions)

There are EIGHT questions divided in two Sections.

Candidate has to attempt FIVE questions in all.

Question Nos. 1 and 5 are compulsory and out of the remaining, any THREE are to be attempted choosing at least ONE question from each Section.

The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Wherever any assumptions are made for answering a question, they must be clearly indicated.

Word limit in questions, wherever specified, should be adhered to.

SECTION 'A'

1. Write concise accounts of any three of the following in about 200 words each:

20×3=60

 - (a) Symmetry in non-chordates
 - (b) Life history of Obelia
 - (c) General features of Monotremata
 - (d) Digital tips in vertebrates
2. Write brief notes (of about 200 words each) on the following:

20×3=60

 - (a) Flightless birds
 - (b) Parasitism in Crustacea
 - (c) Affinities and systematic position of Balanoglossus
3.
 - (a) Describe torsion and detorsion in Mollusca. **30**
 - (b) What is metamerism? Describe its importance in invertebrates. **30**
4. Write brief notes (of about 200 words each) on the following:

20×3=60

 - (a) Parental care in Amphibia
 - (b) Migration of fishes
 - (c) Social behaviour of Apis

SECTION 'B'

5. Write brief accounts of any three of the following in about 200 words each:

20×3=60

 - (a) Biological examples of Regression Analysis
 - (b) Gel Electrophoresis
 - (c) Radioactive Tracers
 - (d) Instinct and Learning
6. (a) Describe ecological succession giving suitable examples. **30**

- (b) What are transgenic animals? Describe their importance in research. 30
7. Write short notes (of about 200 words each) on the following: 20×3=60
- (a) Social hierarchies in Primates
- (b) Environmental biodegradation
- (c) Applying remote sensing in studying distribution of animals
8. Comment on the following: 30×2=60
- (a) Navigation in birds
- (b) Forensic biotechnology and its applications